



Investment Objective

Achieve a gross-of-fee total performance of at least 5.0% above the CPI rate over rolling 7-year periods.

Investment Approach

The portfolio aims to achieve its investment objective principally by actively managing a more concentrated, high conviction, but appropriately diversified, portfolio of instruments. The investment process combines quantitative techniques combined with fundamental analysis in determining its preferred holdings to generate growth higher than South African consumer price inflation on a regular and long-term basis.

Top Holdings



Sasfin Global Equity Fund	20.5%
Prosus N.V. Class N	9.5%
Standard bank	6.7%
Richemont	5.3%
Anglo American plc	4.0%
Bid Corp LTD	3.6%
Capitec Bank Holdings LTD	3.6%
Firststrand Ltd	3.5%
Bidvest Group LTD	3.3%
BHP Group Ltd	3.3%

Sector Allocation

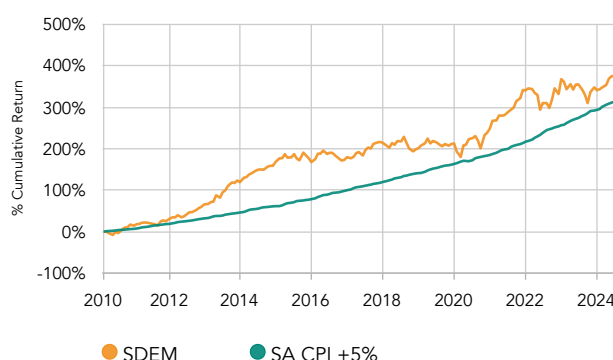


Financial Services	20.6%
Basic Materials	17.5%
Telecommunications Services	13.1%
Consumer Discretionary	11.5%
Industrials	5.6%
Real Estate	4.1%
Consumer Staples	3.8%
Healthcare	2.0%
Energy	2.0%
Other	21.7%

Portfolio Information

Portfolio Manager:	Sasfin Securities
Launch Date:	28/02/2010
Currency:	ZAR
Regulation 28:	No
Management Fee:	Sliding Scale
Return Objective:	SA CPI+5.0%
Fund Benchmark:	FTSE/JSE ALL Share Capped TR

Investment Growth



Returns

	1 Month	3 Months	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Inception
SDEM	2.8%	5.3%	11.6%	16.4%	7.8%	10.3%	11.7%
SA CPI +5%	0.5%	1.9%	6.8%	9.6%	10.9%	10.2%	10.4%
FTSE/JSE ALL Share Capped TR ZAR	4.0%	9.6%	15.8%	24.0%	14.5%	14.1%	11.6%

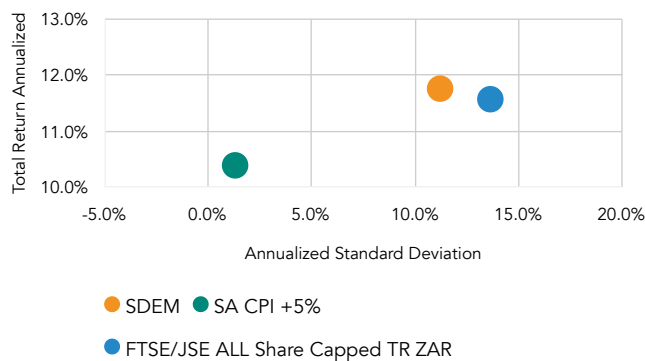
Risk Profile

Risk	Low	Low-Mod	Mod	Mod-High	High
Term	1-3 years	3+ years	3-5 years	5+ years	7+ years

- This portfolio has a high exposure to equities and therefore tends to be more volatile than most other portfolios.
- Expected potential long-term returns are high, but the risk of potential capital losses is high as well, especially over shorter periods.
- Where the asset allocation contained in this fact sheet reflects offshore exposure, the portfolio is exposed to currency risk.
- Therefore, it is suitable for long-term investment horizon.



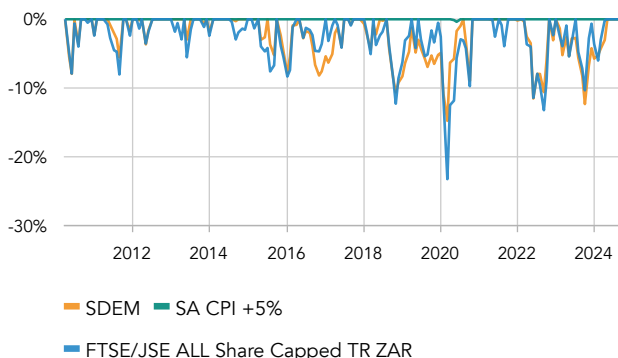
Risk-Reward



Monthly Returns

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YEAR
2024	-1.6	0.6	1.0	1.3	3.3	1.3	0.2	2.2	2.8				11.6
2023	8.3	-1.3	-3.9	2.8	-2.9	2.7	0.1	-3.0	-2.8	-4.5	6.4	2.7	3.7
2022	-0.2	1.1	-0.3	-2.2	-1.0	-8.3	4.0	0.0	-2.9	5.2	6.4	-3.1	-2.2
2021	2.9	5.4	0.2	3.2	-0.1	0.3	2.2	1.3	1.3	3.8	1.8	4.7	30.4
2020	0.3	-6.2	-4.4	9.9	0.6	4.3	0.8	1.5	-3.3	-5.9	10.5	1.8	8.7
2019	1.0	2.1	1.8	3.7	-3.6	1.9	-1.3	-1.6	-1.2	1.8	-1.3	1.4	4.5
2018	-0.7	-1.5	-2.3	3.7	-1.3	2.9	-0.2	3.5	-4.3	-4.4	-2.3	1.6	-5.7
2017	2.4	-1.0	1.3	3.2	0.8	-2.9	4.8	2.0	-0.8	3.7	1.1	0.4	15.8
2016	-3.4	2.6	4.8	0.1	2.5	-2.8	1.0	-0.2	-2.0	-2.8	-1.7	0.7	-1.5
2015	3.7	3.2	0.0	3.6	-3.0	0.4	2.7	-3.7	-1.6	6.8	-2.4	-2.3	7.1
2014	-1.9	4.8	0.8	2.6	1.3	2.5	1.1	0.2	-0.3	3.0	0.8	0.0	15.8
2013	3.5	0.6	2.7	0.6	8.9	-3.0	7.0	2.5	5.3	3.9	-0.6	2.8	39.5
2012	5.0	2.5	-0.2	3.9	-3.7	2.2	3.6	3.2	0.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	28.0
2011	-2.3	3.2	0.5	2.5	0.3	-0.8	-1.2	-0.8	-2.8	8.0	2.2	-1.7	6.9
2010				-0.1	-5.4	-2.6	8.5	-3.5	9.6	4.0	0.6	5.9	17.0

Drawdown



Risk Measures

	SDEM	FTSE/JSE ALL SHARE CAPPED TR ZAR
Std. Deviation	11.2%	13.7%
Sharpe Ratio	1.0	0.8
Sortino Ratio	1.9	1.4
Max Drawdown (Monthly)	-14.8%	-23.3%
Best Month	10.5%	14.0%
Worst Month	-8.3%	-13.3%
Gain/Loss Ratio	2.2	1.9
Value at Risk	-3.9	-4.5

Note: All risk measures shown are annualized

Information & Disclosures

Alpha - Excess return over benchmark.

Beta - Systematic measure of sensitivity risk with respect to a given benchmark.

Max Drawdown - Measures largest peak-to-trough decline before a new peak is achieved.

Sharpe Ratio - Calculated by dividing a fund's excess returns over the risk-free rate by its standard deviation. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better the fund's historical risk-adjusted performance.

Standard deviation - A statistical measurement of dispersion about an average. The higher the standard deviation, the wider the range, implying greater volatility.

Sortino Ratio - A variation of the Sharpe ratio. Differentiates harmful volatility by using downside deviation, measuring the return to volatility caused by negative returns.

Value at Risk (VaR) - is a statistical measure of the risk of loss for investments. The potential loss in value of a traded portfolio over a defined period of time for a given confidence level.

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